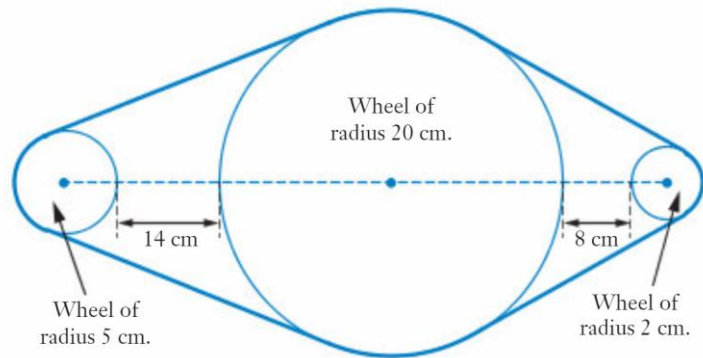
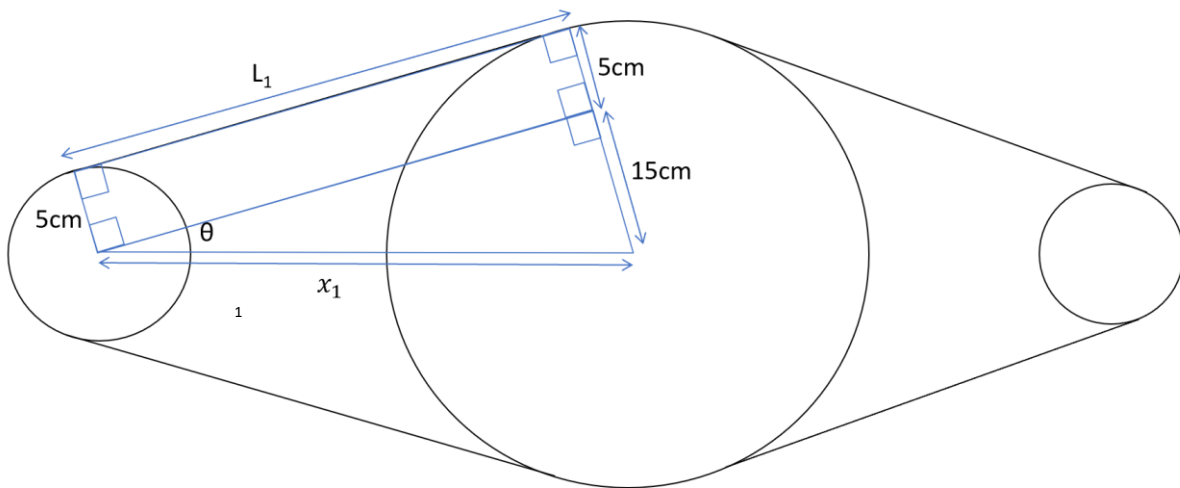


Question:

30 Find, to the nearest centimetre, the length of the continuous belt passing around the three wheels as shown in the diagram (not drawn to scale).



Working:

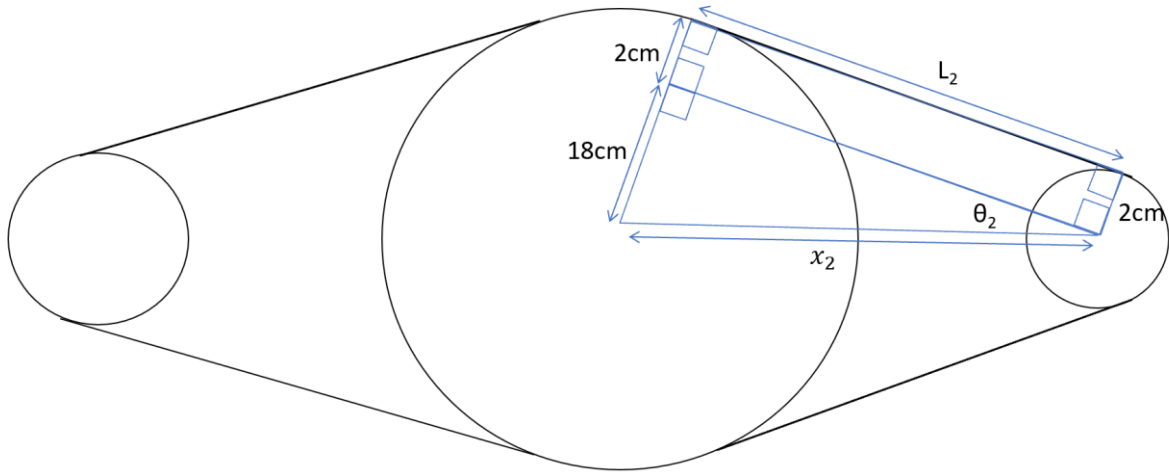


$$x_1 = 20 + 14 + 5 = 39\text{cm}$$

$$\theta_1 = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{15}{39}\right) = 0.395 \text{ rad}$$

$$\tan 0.395 = \frac{15}{L_1} \rightarrow L_1 = \frac{15}{\tan 0.395} = 36\text{cm}$$

$$L_{\text{left}} = 2 \times 36 = 72\text{cm}$$



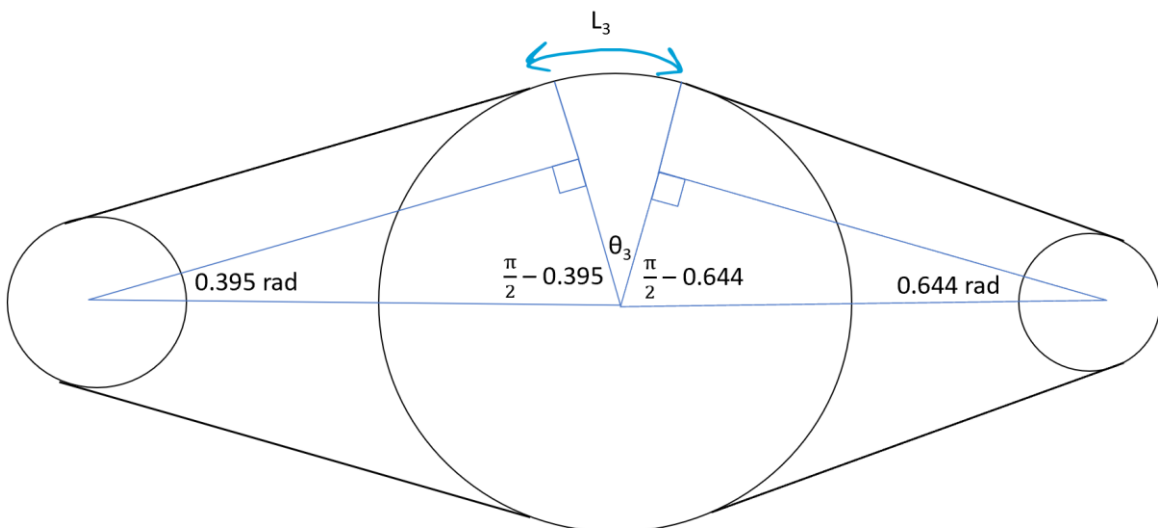
$$x_2 = 20 + 8 + 2 = 30\text{cm}$$

$$\theta_2 = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{30}\right) = 0.644 \text{ rad}$$

$$\tan 0.644 = \frac{18}{L_2} \rightarrow L_2 = \frac{18}{\tan 0.644} = 24$$

$$L_{\text{right}} = 2 \times 24 = 48\text{cm}$$

$$L_{\text{left}} + L_{\text{right}} = 72 + 48 = 120\text{cm}$$



All angles in each right triangle add up to π rad

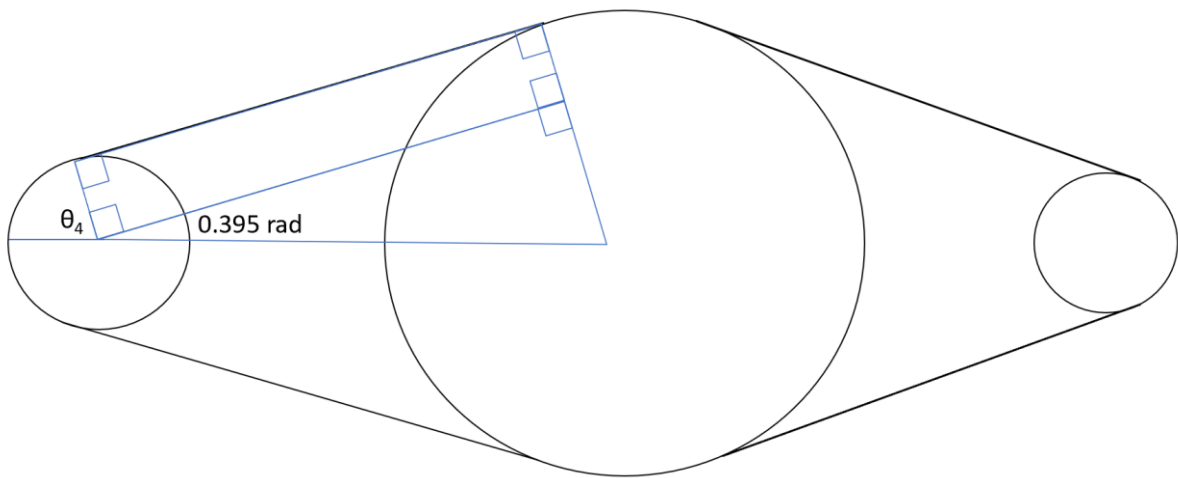
$$\text{Left - hand - side triangle: } 0.395 + \frac{\pi}{2} + \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 0.395\right) = \pi \text{ rad}$$

$$\text{Right-hand-side triangle: } 0.644 + \frac{\pi}{2} + \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 0.644\right) = \pi \text{ rad}$$

$$\theta_3 = \pi - \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 0.395\right) - \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 0.644\right) = 1.038 \text{ rad}$$

$$L_3 = r\theta = 20 \times 1.038 = 20.766 \text{ cm}$$

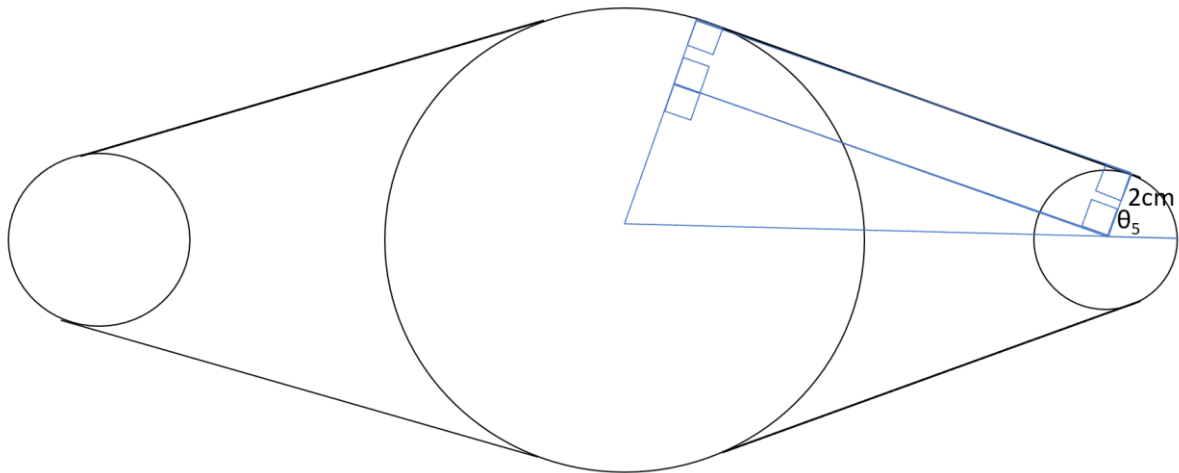
$$L_{\text{top+bottom}} = 2 \times 20.766 = 41.532 \text{ cm}$$



$$\theta_4 = \pi - 0.395 - \frac{\pi}{2} = 1.176 \text{ rad}$$

$$\theta_{\text{left}} = 2 \times 1.176 = 2.352 \text{ rad}$$

$$L_4 = r\theta = 5 \times 2.352 = 11.760 \text{ cm}$$



$$\theta_5 = \pi - 0.644 - \frac{\pi}{2} = 0.927 \text{ rad}$$

$$\theta_{\text{right}} = 2 \times 0.927 = 1.855 \text{ rad}$$

$$L_5 = r\theta = 2 \times 1.855 = 3.709$$

$$L_{\text{total}} = L_{\text{left}} + L_{\text{right}} + L_{\text{top+bottom}} + L_4 + L_5$$

$$= 72 + 48 + 41.532 + 11.760 + 3.709$$

$$= 177.0009221\text{cm} \approx 177\text{cm}$$

Answer:

30 177 cm